

IMPACT ON ALASKA'S FIREWEED

ISSUE - GALLED FLOWER BUDS ON FIREWEED

- Fireweed (*Chamaenerion angustifolium*) is a well-loved native perennial in Alaska with many traditional uses; the young shoots are harvested for salads, the leaves for tea, and the flower petals for jellies and syrups.
- In July 2023, swollen, galled buds were noticed by diagnosticians at the University of Alaska Fairbanks Integrated Pest Management Program (AK IPM).
- Preliminary searches turned up little information about these galls in North America.
- Diagnosticians collaborated across agencies to confirm the identity of the gall-maker as the fireweed flower gall midge (*Dasineura epilobii*), a Holarctic species which previously had evaded formal record in North America.



Figure 1. Swollen flower bud gall on fireweed.



Figure 2. A galled fireweed bud opened to reveal the orange fireweed flower gall midge larvae inside.

RESPONSE

- AK IPM diagnosticians enlisted the help of the public in mapping the distribution of galled fireweed buds across Alaska.
- Diagnosticians collected and reared the causal organisms from the galls and collaborated with other agencies to identify the gall-makers.

OUTCOMES

- AK IPM demonstrated the value of community participation in advancing scientific knowledge.
- This work also contributed to the redescription of the fireweed flower gall midge, facilitating a broader understanding of this insect in North America.

"Supplemental funding from the National Plant Diagnostic Network allowed our lab to expand our DNA-based diagnostic capabilities." – Alexandria Wenninger, University of Alaska Fairbanks, Institute of Agriculture, Natural Resources, and Extension, Integrated Pest Management Program

This work was also partially funded by the Crop Protection and Pest Management Program (grant no. 2021-70006-35561 & 2024-70006-43668) from the USDA National Institute of Food and Agriculture.

